



19. A catheter system for inducing cardioplegic arrest in a heart of a patient, said catheter system comprising:

a first perfusion catheter having a first elongated catheter shaft, said first catheter shaft having a first distal end and a first occlusion device proximate said first distal end, said first catheter shaft having a first perfusion lumen which communicates with a first distal perfusion port distal to said first occlusion device, and

a second perfusion catheter having a second elongated catheter shaft, said second catheter shaft having a second distal end and a second occlusion device proximate said second distal end, said second catheter shaft having a second perfusion lumen which communicates with a second distal perfusion port distal to said second occlusion device.

#### REMARKS

Claims 1-19 are pending in this application.

Attached is a marked-up version of the changes made to the claims by the current amendment. The attached page is captioned with "VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE."

If a telephone interview would expedite prosecution of this application, the Examiner is invited to telephone the undersigned at (415) 412-3322.

Please charge any required fees, including any necessary extension-of-time fees, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 08-1510.

Respectfully submitted,

Date May 22, 2001

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St. Goar et al. Preliminary Amendment



## VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

### IN THE TITLE:

# [CARDIOPLEGIA CATHETER SYSTEM] METHOD FOR DELIVERING A FLUID TO THE CORONARY OSTIA

### IN THE SPECIFICATION:

The paragraph beginning on page 1, line 5 has been amended as follows:

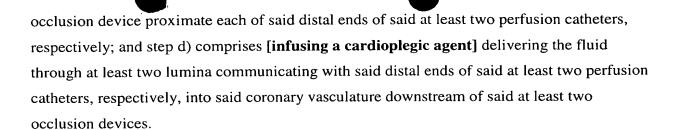
[This application is a divisional of co-pending application Serial No. 08/351,850 filed December 7, 1994, now issued as U.S. Patent No. 5,695,457. The complete disclosures of all of these related applications are incorporated herein by reference for all purposes.]

This application is a continuation of U.S. Patent Application No. 09/151,582, filed September 11, 1998, which is a division of Application No. 08/615,152, filed March 12, 1996, now issued as U.S. Patent No. 5,807,318, which is a divisional of Application No. 08/351,850, filed December 7, 1994, now issued as U.S. Patent No. 5,695,457. The complete disclosures of the forementioned related U.S. patent applications are hereby incorporated herein by reference for all purposes.

# **IN THE CLAIMS:**

- 1. (Amended) A method of [inducing cardioplegic arrest in] delivering a fluid to a heart of a patient, the heart having a coronary vasculature, comprising the steps of:
- a) introducing at least one distal end of at least one perfusion catheter into a peripheral artery of said patient;
- b) advancing said distal end of said perfusion catheter from said peripheral artery into at least one coronary ostium communicating with said coronary vasculature of said patient;
- c) occluding said coronary ostium with an occlusion device proximate said distal end of said perfusion catheter;
  - d) [arresting] delivering a fluid to the heart through the perfusion catheter.

- 3. (Amended) The method of claim [2] 1 wherein said [cardioplegic agent] fluid is infused through said lumen of said perfusion catheter at a rate of at least approximately 100 ml/min at a pump pressure not exceeding 350 mmHg.
- 4. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step d) comprises the substep of infusing a mixture of oxygenated blood and a cardioplegic agent to create the fluid and then delivering the fluid through a lumen of said perfusion catheter into said coronary vasculature downstream of said occlusion device at a rate of at least approximately 100 ml/min at a pump pressure not exceeding 350 mmHg.
  - 5. (Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
- e) isolating said coronary vasculature from systemic circulation of said patient by continuing to occlude said coronary ostium with said occlusion device[ while the heart is arrested] for a period of time after delivering the fluid.
  - 6. (Amended) The method of claim [5] 1, further comprising the step of:
- f) maintaining systemic circulation of said patient with peripheral cardiopulmonary bypass.
- 9. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step a) comprises introducing a single perfusion catheter having at least two distal ends into said peripheral artery of said patient; step b) comprises advancing said at least two distal ends into at least two coronary ostia; step c) comprises occluding each of said at least two coronary ostia with an occlusion device proximate each of said at least two distal ends, respectively; and step d) comprises [infusing a cardioplegic agent] delivering the fluid through at least one lumen communicating with said at least two distal ends of said perfusion catheter into said coronary vasculature downstream of said occlusion devices.
- 11. (Amended) The method of claim 1, wherein step a) comprises introducing the distal ends of at least two perfusion catheters into said peripheral artery of said patient; step b) comprises advancing said distal ends of said at least two perfusion catheters into at least two coronary ostia; step c) comprises occluding each of said at least two coronary ostia with an



- 17. (Amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of:
- i) performing coronary artery bypass graft surgery on the [arrested] heart of the patient.